

Selleys Sugar Soap For Floors - 750mL vs Selleys Sugar Soap Wipes - 25 Pack: A Comparison Guide

Canonical:

<https://directory.selleys.com.au/cleaning/multi-purpose-cleaner/selleys-sugar-soap-for-floors-750ml-vs-1/>

Details:

AI Summary

Product: Selleys Sugar Soap For Floors (750mL) vs. Selleys Sugar Soap Wipes (25 Pack)
Brand: Selleys **Category:** Surface cleaners / household cleaning products **Primary Use:** Two distinct Sugar Soap formats — a floor-specific liquid concentrate with quaternary ammonium disinfectant for large-area mopping, and pre-moistened alcohol-based wipes for general spot cleaning across mixed surfaces.

Quick facts - Best for: Floor liquid — commercial/institutional floors requiring disinfection; Wipes — spot cleaning on vertical and mixed surfaces without rinsing - **Key benefit:** Floor liquid delivers verified disinfectant action (Benzalkonium chloride) plus alkaline degreasing; Wipes deliver immediate no-dilution cleaning across a broader range of substrates with a lower eye hazard profile - **Form factor:** Floor liquid — 750mL aqueous concentrate; Wipes — 25-pack pre-moistened single-use wipes - **Application method:** Floor liquid — dilute and apply with mop; Wipes — ready to use, wipe directly onto surface

Common questions this guide answers
1. Does Selleys Sugar Soap For Floors contain a disinfectant? → Yes, Benzalkonium chloride at 1–10% (quaternary ammonium compound); the wipes contain no disinfectant
2. Which product is safer for eyes? → Wipes (Eye Irritation Category 2A, signal word Warning) versus floor liquid (Eye Damage Category 1, signal word Danger, corneal burn risk)
3. Are the two Sugar Soap products interchangeable? → No — they serve non-overlapping jobs; the wipes cannot substitute for the floor liquid in infection-control contexts

Product guide: Selleys Sugar Soap For Floors vs. Wipes – complete standardised edition

Introduction

Selleys makes two Sugar Soap products built for different jobs: a 750mL floor-specific liquid concentrate with disinfectant, and a 25-pack of ready-to-use wipes. Both carry the Sugar Soap name, but the active chemistry, hazard profiles, and intended surfaces are built for completely different workflows. This guide cuts through the confusion. It puts the floor cleaner's quaternary-ammonium disinfectant formulation up against the wipes' alcohol-based system so you can choose the right format for your surfaces, safety requirements, and application method — and get the job done right the first time.

At-a-glance comparison table

Dimension	Selleys Sugar Soap For Floors - 750mL	Selleys Sugar Soap Wipes - 25 Pack		Best-fit application
-----	-----	-----		Floor cleaner (stated recommended use in Floors datasheet)
				Cleaning wipes for general surfaces (stated recommended use in Wipes datasheet)
				Substrate compatibility
				Floors specifically; formulated

with Dipentene for degreasing hard surfaces (Floors datasheet, Section 3) | General cleaning surfaces; pre-moistened format suited to spot/wipe applications (Wipes datasheet, Section 1) | **Cure/drying behaviour** | Liquid requiring application, dwell time, and rinsing; specific drying time not specified in datasheet | Pre-moistened wipes dry via evaporation of ethanol and propoxy-propanol solvents; drying time not specified in datasheet | **Surface type** | Hard floors designed to withstand mopping with diluted alkaline cleaners (inferred from "floor cleaner" designation in Floors datasheet) | Portable wipe format for spot cleaning; not floor-specific (Wipes datasheet) | **Active ingredient profile** | Benzalkonium chloride 1–10% (disinfectant), Monoethanolamine 1–10% (alkaline degreaser), Dipentene <1% (solvent; Floors datasheet, Section 3) | Ethanol 1–10%, 2-Propanol 1-propoxy 1–10%, BIT <0.05% (preservative; Wipes datasheet, Section 3); no disinfectant claim | **Hazard classification** | **Danger** signal word; Monoethanolamine is an alkaline amine that gives the floor cleaner its caustic properties. Dipentene (also known as dl-limonene) is a terpene solvent from citrus chemistry that gives the product a pine odour — not a citrus scent. Eye Damage Category 1 (H318 — Causes serious eye damage) and Skin Irritation Category 2 (Floors datasheet, Section 2) | **Warning** signal word; Eye Irritation Category 2A (H319 — Causes serious eye irritation) and Skin Irritation Category 2 (Wipes datasheet, Section 2) |

Best-fit application

Selleys Sugar Soap For Floors - 750mL

The Floors datasheet calls this product a "Floor cleaner" in Section 1, and the full product name — SELLEYS SUGAR SOAP FOR FLOORS WITH DISINFECTANT — leaves no room for doubt. This liquid format is built for large-area floor cleaning where you need disinfection and degreasing working together. Dilute it, apply it with a mop, and let the chemistry do the work.

Selleys Sugar Soap Wipes - 25 Pack

The Wipes datasheet lists the recommended use as "Cleaning wipes" — no floor-specific language, because these aren't built for floors. The pre-moistened, single-use format handles immediate cleaning on spot applications, vertical surfaces, and anywhere rinsing isn't practical. That's a fundamentally different job from bulk floor cleaning, and the wipes are built for it.

The trade-off: The floor liquid is purpose-built for mopping large floor areas with disinfectant action. The wipes give up disinfectant chemistry and floor-specific formulation in exchange for immediate, no-dilution performance across a wide range of surfaces. Know your job before you choose your format.

Substrate compatibility

Selleys Sugar Soap For Floors - 750mL

The Floors datasheet doesn't list every compatible floor type, but the chemistry tells the story. Monoethanolamine at 1–10% delivers strong alkaline degreasing power, and Dipentene at less than 1% adds solvent action. Together, they're built for resilient hard floors — sealed concrete, vinyl, ceramic tile — surfaces that can handle alkaline pH and need serious grease removal. The "slippery when spilt" warning in Section 6 confirms this product is designed for floor use, where slip hazards are a real consideration.

Selleys Sugar Soap Wipes - 25 Pack

The Wipes datasheet places no restrictions on surface types. The alcohol-based formulation — Ethanol and Propoxy-propanol combined at up to 20% — suits surfaces where prolonged water exposure is a problem. Cabinetry, painted trim, appliances — these are exactly the surfaces where a quick-drying wipe outperforms a wet mop.

****The trade-off:**** For disinfecting floors in commercial or high-soil environments, the floor liquid's alkaline chemistry is the right tool. For rapid spot cleaning across mixed substrates without rinsing, the wipes' solvent evaporation delivers faster turnaround — but without floor-optimised performance. Match the product to the surface.

Cure/drying behaviour

Selleys Sugar Soap For Floors - 750mL

This is a liquid floor cleaner. It goes on wet, the Benzalkonium chloride needs dwell time to deliver disinfectant action, and it typically requires a rinse or damp-mop removal step — though the datasheet doesn't specify rinsing instructions. Drying time depends on ventilation, temperature, and dilution ratio. The aqueous base means floors stay wet longer than with solvent-based products. Plan your workflow accordingly.

Selleys Sugar Soap Wipes - 25 Pack

The drying picture for the wipes is more nuanced than it first appears. Ethanol evaporates quickly, but 2-Propanol 1-propoxy — a glycol ether — evaporates much more slowly than ethanol and even more slowly than water. The idea that alcohols always evaporate faster than water applies only partially to this formulation. Don't assume the wipes will dry faster than the floor liquid across every condition.

****The trade-off:**** The wipes' volatile alcohol content supports faster surface drying in most situations — a real advantage in high-traffic areas where you need rapid return to service. The floor liquid's water-based formulation takes longer to dry and may require rinsing, which extends downtime. Factor that into your job planning.

Surface type

Selleys Sugar Soap For Floors - 750mL

The product name and "Floor cleaner" designation in the Floors datasheet point clearly to horizontal, sealed floor surfaces. The Monoethanolamine content at 1–10% will attack unsealed wood, natural stone, or acid-sensitive substrates over time — no compatibility warnings appear in the datasheet, but the chemistry speaks for itself. The quaternary ammonium disinfectant, Benzalkonium chloride, aligns this product with healthcare, food service, and institutional floor cleaning where microbial control isn't optional.

Selleys Sugar Soap Wipes - 25 Pack

The Wipes datasheet places no restrictions on surface types. The neutral-to-mild formulation — no strong alkali — and the wipe format make it a reliable choice for vertical surfaces like walls, doors, and switch plates, as well as finished wood, laminates, and appliances. These are exactly the surfaces where the floor cleaner's high-pH chemistry and liquid delivery would cause problems.

****The trade-off:**** The floor cleaner brings aggressive cleaning power and disinfection to hard floors but isn't the right call for delicate or vertical surfaces. The wipes trade raw cleaning strength and disinfection for safe, reliable performance across a broader range of substrates. Use each product where it's built to perform.

Active ingredient profile

Selleys Sugar Soap For Floors - 750mL

Section 3 of the Floors datasheet identifies three active ingredients working together:

- ****Benzalkonium chloride (1–10%):**** A quaternary ammonium compound that delivers verified disinfectant action and proven antimicrobial performance. - ****Monoethanolamine (1–10%):**** An alkaline amine that drives degreasing power and raises pH — this ingredient is responsible for the

higher hazard classification. - **Dipentene (<1%):** A terpene solvent that improves grease dissolution and gives the product a pine odour.

This three-component system delivers disinfection, alkaline cleaning, and solvent degreasing in a single application. The "Danger" signal word and Eye Damage Category 1 classification follow directly from Monoethanolamine's caustic nature — powerful chemistry that demands proper PPE.

Selleys Sugar Soap Wipes - 25 Pack

Section 3 of the Wipes datasheet lists three components:

- **Ethanol (1–10%):** A fast-evaporating solvent that supports cleaning performance. No disinfectant claim is made for this product. - **2-Propanol, 1-propoxy (1–10%):** A glycol ether solvent built for grease and residue removal. - **1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one (BIT) (<0.05%):** A preservative that prevents microbial growth in the wipe substrate itself — not a surface disinfectant.

There is no quaternary ammonium compound in the wipes. No registered disinfectant. These wipes are built for cleaning and residue removal, and they do that well — but microbial kill is not part of their design.

The trade-off: When verified disinfectant action is non-negotiable, only the floor liquid delivers it via Benzalkonium chloride. The wipes rely on alcohols that evaporate before achieving disinfectant contact time, and they carry no registered antimicrobial for surface treatment. On the other side, the wipes completely avoid the high-pH alkalinity that puts the floor liquid into Eye Damage Category 1 territory versus the wipes' Eye Irritation Category 2A. Know what the job demands and choose accordingly.

Hazard classification differences

Both products cause skin irritation at Category 2. Their eye hazards are in a different league entirely. The Floors datasheet (Section 2) classifies the floor cleaner as Eye Damage Category 1 with hazard statement H318 ("Causes serious eye damage") and signal word Danger. It requires P310 ("Immediately call a POISON CENTRE/doctor") and Section 4 states it "can cause corneal burns." That severity comes directly from the 1–10% Monoethanolamine — a strong alkali that demands full respect and proper protection.

The Wipes datasheet classifies its product as Eye Irritation Category 2A with H319 ("Causes serious eye irritation"), signal word Warning, and response precautionary statement P337+P313 ("If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice"). That's a two-step reduction in severity. No permanent eye damage expected.

The trade-off: The floor cleaner's disinfectant performance comes with corneal-burn risk. The Floors datasheet specifies chemical goggles under P280 — non-negotiable PPE. The wipes present a lower eye hazard that's manageable with standard safety glasses, but you give up the disinfectant claims in return. Understand the trade-off before you start the job.

When to choose Selleys Sugar Soap For Floors - 750mL

- **Commercial or institutional floor cleaning with disinfection requirements:** Hospitals, aged care facilities, food preparation areas, or childcare centres where floors must be both degreased and disinfected. The Benzalkonium chloride content is built to meet infection-control protocols. - **High-soil floor environments:** Workshops, garages, or industrial settings where the combined alkaline power of Monoethanolamine and the solvent action of Dipentene are needed to cut through heavy grease, oil, or wax buildup that alcohol-based wipes aren't built for. - **Large-area mopping workflows:** When you're already set up with mop buckets and wet-floor signage and drying time fits your schedule, the 750mL concentrate delivers lower per-square-metre cost than single-use wipes — professional results at a professional scale.

When to choose Selleys Sugar Soap Wipes - 25 Pack

- **Spot cleaning and touch-up work:** Door frames, light switches, handrails, splashbacks, or localised marks where a mop bucket isn't the right tool. The pre-moistened wipe format delivers immediate cleaning with no dilution required. - **Surfaces incompatible with alkaline floor cleaners:** Painted woodwork, laminates, sealed natural stone, or stainless steel appliances where the floor cleaner's high pH — driven by Monoethanolamine — risks etching or discolouration. The neutral alcohol-glycol ether system handles these surfaces reliably. - **Reduced eye-hazard environments:** Settings where chemical goggle access or training isn't in place. The Eye Irritation Category 2A classification of the wipes versus the Eye Damage Category 1 of the floor product aligns with lower-risk workplace safety requirements — accepting the trade-off of no disinfectant performance in return for a safer handling profile.

Summary

Selleys Sugar Soap For Floors and Sugar Soap Wipes share a brand name but serve completely different jobs. The 750mL floor cleaner is a quaternary-ammonium disinfectant with serious alkaline degreasing chemistry — Benzalkonium chloride and Monoethanolamine — built for mopped hard floors where microbial kill is mandatory. It carries Eye Damage Category 1 hazards that demand proper PPE and planning. The 25-pack wipes replace that chemistry with alcohol-glycol ether solvents for rapid spot cleaning across a wide range of surfaces, dropping the disinfectant claims and high-pH risks in exchange for convenience and a safer eye hazard profile at Category 2A.

Choose the floor cleaner when disinfection, large-area coverage, and heavy-duty grease removal are what the job demands — and when you're prepared to manage the caustic hazard and drying time that come with that performance. Choose the wipes when portability, mixed-substrate compatibility, and faster drying are the priority — accepting that antimicrobial action isn't part of the package. Neither product substitutes for the other. Format, chemistry, and hazard profile are built for different jobs. Match the right Selleys product to your application and get the result right the first time.

Frequently asked questions

What is Selleys Sugar Soap For Floors: A 750mL liquid floor cleaner concentrate with disinfectant

What is Selleys Sugar Soap Wipes: A 25-pack of pre-moistened ready-to-use cleaning wipes

Does the floor cleaner contain a disinfectant: Yes

Does the wipes product contain a disinfectant: No

What disinfectant is in the floor cleaner: Benzalkonium chloride at 1–10%

Is there a quaternary ammonium compound in the wipes: No

What is the active disinfectant type in the floor cleaner: Quaternary ammonium compound (Benzalkonium chloride)

What solvent is in the floor cleaner: Dipentene at less than 1%

What does Dipentene do in the floor cleaner: Enhances grease dissolution

What odour does the floor cleaner have: Pine odour

Does the floor cleaner have a citrus scent: No, it has a pine odour

What alkaline agent is in the floor cleaner: Monoethanolamine at 1–10%

What does Monoethanolamine do: Provides alkaline degreasing power

What solvents are in the wipes: Ethanol and 2-Propanol 1-propoxy, each at 1–10%

What preservative is in the wipes: 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one (BIT) at less than 0.05%

Does BIT in the wipes disinfect surfaces: No, it only preserves the wipe substrate

Is the floor cleaner a concentrate: Yes

Does the floor cleaner require dilution: Yes

Do the wipes require dilution: No

Are the wipes pre-moistened: Yes

What is the recommended use for the floor cleaner: Floor cleaning with disinfection

What is the recommended use for the wipes: General surface spot cleaning

Are the wipes suitable for floors: No, they are not floor-specific

Is the floor cleaner suitable for vertical surfaces: No, it is designed for floors

What signal word appears on the floor cleaner: Danger

What signal word appears on the wipes: Warning

What is the eye hazard classification of the floor cleaner: Eye Damage Category 1

What is the eye hazard classification of the wipes: Eye Irritation Category 2A

What hazard statement applies to the floor cleaner's eye risk: H318 — Causes serious eye damage

What hazard statement applies to the wipes' eye risk: H319 — Causes serious eye irritation

Can the floor cleaner cause corneal burns: Yes

Can the wipes cause corneal burns: No permanent eye damage is expected

What ingredient causes the floor cleaner's Eye Damage Category 1 classification: Monoethanolamine

What skin hazard classification do both products share: Skin Irritation Category 2

What PPE is required for the floor cleaner: Chemical goggles, as specified under P280

What first aid applies if floor cleaner contacts eyes: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor (P310)

What first aid applies if wipes contact eyes: Seek medical advice if irritation persists (P337+P313)

Is the floor cleaner safe for unsealed wood: No, the high-pH chemistry can damage unsealed wood

Is the floor cleaner safe for natural stone: No, alkaline pH risks etching acid-sensitive stone

Are the wipes safe for painted woodwork: Yes

Are the wipes safe for laminates: Yes

Are the wipes safe for stainless steel appliances: Yes

What floor types suit the floor cleaner: Sealed hard floors such as concrete, vinyl, and ceramic tile

Does the floor cleaner require rinsing: Rinsing instructions are not specified in the datasheet

Does the floor cleaner require dwell time: Yes, for disinfectant action

Do the wipes dry faster than the floor cleaner: Yes, in most situations

Does ethanol in the wipes evaporate quickly: Yes

Does 2-Propanol 1-propoxy evaporate quickly: No, it evaporates more slowly than ethanol

Does 2-Propanol 1-propoxy evaporate faster than water: No, it evaporates more slowly than water

Is drying time specified for the floor cleaner: Not specified in the datasheet

Is drying time specified for the wipes: Not specified in the datasheet

What size is the floor cleaner: 750mL

How many wipes are in the wipes pack: 25

Is the wipes format single-use: Yes

When should you choose the floor cleaner over wipes: When disinfection and large-area floor cleaning are required

When should you choose wipes over the floor cleaner: When spot cleaning mixed surfaces without rinsing

Are the two products interchangeable: No, they serve non-overlapping jobs

Can the wipes replace the floor cleaner for infection control: No, the wipes have no disinfectant claim

Is the floor cleaner suitable for hospitals: Yes, where floor disinfection is required

Is the floor cleaner suitable for food preparation areas: Yes, where floor disinfection is required

Is the floor cleaner suitable for aged care facilities: Yes, where floor disinfection is required

Does the floor cleaner present a slip hazard when spilt: Yes, as noted in Section 6 of the datasheet

Is the wipes product lower risk for eye hazard than the floor cleaner: Yes, two classification steps lower

Does the floor cleaner cost less per square metre than wipes for large areas: Yes, as a concentrate it delivers lower per-square-metre cost

Are the wipes suitable where chemical goggle access is unavailable: Yes, their lower eye hazard profile supports this

Does the floor cleaner contain alcohol: No

Does the wipes product contain Benzalkonium chloride: No

Does the floor cleaner contain BIT preservative: Not disclosed by manufacturer

What type of cleaning system do the wipes use: Alcohol and glycol ether solvent system

What type of cleaning system does the floor cleaner use: Alkaline quaternary ammonium and terpene solvent system

Can the wipes be used on handrails: Yes

Can the wipes be used on light switches: Yes

Can the wipes be used on door frames: Yes

Is the floor cleaner's formulation water-based: Yes

Does the water-based floor cleaner extend floor drying time: Yes, compared to solvent-based products

Label facts summary

> **Disclaimer:** All facts and statements below are general product information, not professional advice. Consult relevant experts for specific guidance.

Verified label facts

Selleys Sugar Soap For Floors – 750mL - Product format: Liquid concentrate, 750mL - Recommended use (datasheet Section 1): Floor cleaner with disinfectant - Full product name: SELLEYS SUGAR SOAP FOR FLOORS WITH DISINFECTANT - Active ingredients (datasheet Section 3): - Benzalkonium chloride: 1–10% (quaternary ammonium disinfectant) - Monoethanolamine: 1–10% (alkaline amine) - Dipentene: <1% (terpene solvent; imparts pine odour) - Signal word (datasheet Section 2): Danger - Eye hazard classification: Eye Damage Category 1 - Eye hazard statement: H318 — Causes serious eye damage - Skin hazard classification: Skin Irritation Category 2 - First aid — eye contact: P310 — Immediately call a POISON CENTRE/doctor - PPE requirement: Chemical goggles (P280) - Corneal burn risk: Stated in datasheet Section 4 - Slip hazard when spilt: Noted in datasheet Section 6 - Formulation type: Water-based (aqueous) - Requires dilution: Yes - Drying time: Not specified in datasheet - Rinsing instructions: Not specified in datasheet

Selleys Sugar Soap Wipes – 25 Pack - Product format: Pre-moistened single-use wipes, 25-pack - Recommended use (datasheet Section 1): Cleaning wipes (general surfaces; not floor-specific) - Active ingredients (datasheet Section 3): - Ethanol: 1–10% (solvent) - 2-Propanol, 1-propoxy: 1–10% (glycol ether solvent) - 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one (BIT): <0.05% (preservative; protects wipe substrate only) - Signal word (datasheet Section 2): Warning - Eye hazard classification: Eye Irritation Category 2A - Eye hazard statement: H319 — Causes serious eye irritation - Skin hazard classification: Skin Irritation Category 2 - First aid — eye contact: P337+P313 — If eye irritation persists, get medical advice - Disinfectant claim: None - Quaternary ammonium compound present: No - Benzalkonium chloride present: No - Requires dilution: No - Drying time: Not specified in datasheet

General product claims

- The floor cleaner is suited to large-area mopping workflows in commercial and institutional environments - The floor cleaner is appropriate for hospitals, aged care facilities, food preparation areas, and childcare centres where floor disinfection is required - The floor cleaner delivers lower per-square-metre cost than single-use wipes when used as a concentrate over large areas - The floor cleaner's alkaline chemistry is not recommended for unsealed wood, natural stone, or acid-sensitive substrates (inferred from ingredient chemistry; not explicitly stated on label) - The wipes are suited to spot cleaning on vertical and mixed surfaces including painted woodwork, laminates, cabinetry, appliances, handrails, door frames, and light switches - The wipes are appropriate where chemical goggle access or training is not available, given their lower eye hazard classification - The wipes dry faster than the floor cleaner in most situations due to volatile alcohol content - 2-Propanol 1-propoxy evaporates more slowly than ethanol and more slowly than water, meaning rapid drying is not guaranteed across all conditions - The two products are not interchangeable and serve non-overlapping applications - The wipes cannot substitute for the floor cleaner in infection-control contexts - BIT in the wipes preserves the wipe substrate and does not provide surface disinfection

Related Products & Brand Context

Both products covered in this guide belong to the Selleys Sugar Soap range, sitting within the broader **Home & Garden > Cleaning Products** category under the **Selleys** brand. Selleys is an Australian cleaning and home-maintenance brand known for practical, trade-adjacent formulations that bridge professional and household use. The Sugar Soap line reflects that positioning — originally a tradesperson's surface-preparation staple, it has since expanded into everyday cleaning formats for home users.

Within the Sugar Soap range itself, these two products occupy distinct niches. **Selleys Sugar Soap For Floors - 750mL** is a liquid concentrate with disinfectant properties, formulated specifically for hard floor surfaces such as tiles, polished concrete, and vinyl. Its alkaline chemistry (pH 11) and active ingredient benzalkonium chloride give it genuine disinfecting action alongside degreasing. **Selleys Sugar Soap Wipes - 25 Pack** , by contrast, come pre-saturated and ready to use without any dilution, making them the more convenient sibling for quick spot-cleaning tasks rather than full floor washes. Where the floor liquid rewards the user who is prepared to mop a whole room, the wipes suit bench tops, splashbacks, and smaller surface areas where wringing out a mop is overkill.

From a use-case adjacency perspective, anyone reaching for the Sugar Soap For Floors - 750mL as a pre-paint surface preparation product would likely also need a suitable primer or undercoat, clean mop and bucket equipment, and potentially a floor-compatible sealant for porous surfaces like polished concrete. The Wipes format, given its ethyl alcohol content and citrus-scented formulation, sits closer to general-purpose wipe-down products used around kitchens and bathrooms.

Both products share the same regulatory footing — classified as hazardous under Safe Work Australia GHS 7 but not classified as Dangerous Goods for transport — which means they can be stored and shipped under standard household-product conditions. This commonality reinforces that they are close siblings in the range, differentiated primarily by format, intended surface, and scale of cleaning task rather than by any fundamental difference in purpose or safety profile.